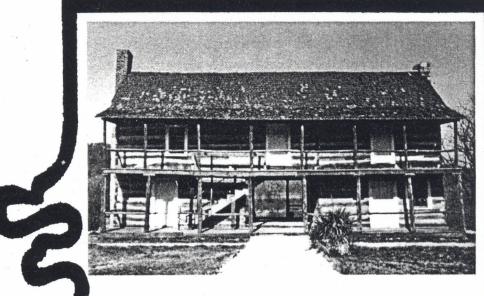
Baxter County History



The Wolf House is the most historical building in Baxter County.

Photo courtesy of Ray Grass

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Published by

THE BAXTER COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY, INC.

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THE BAXTER COUNTY HISTORY

Published by the

BAXTER COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Mountain Home, Arkansas

Regular meetings are held at 7:30 p.m. on the first Tuesday of each month at the Day Service Center on 222 East Wade Street, Mountain Home, Arkansas.

Active Membership \$5.00 per year Associate Membership \$2.50 per year

ANNUAL DUES ARE DUE AND PAYABLE TO THE TREASURER AT THE JANUARY MEETING OR CAN BE MAILED TO HER. The fiscal year begins January 1. New members may join at any time and are always welcome.

PRESIDENT

James L. Lowe, 1500 Manor, Mountain Home

lst VICE PRESIDENT
Marge Garr, 1505 Mistletoe, Mountain Home

2nd VICE PRESIDENT
Garvin Carroll, 905 East 4th St., Mountain Home

3rd VICE PRESIDENT
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CO-EDITORS

Kathy J. Blackburn, 321 South College St., Mtn. Home Dorothy A. Nichols, Rt 8, Box 55, Mountain Home

SECRETARY

David DeRolf, 1920 Fuller St., Mountain Home

TREASURER

Stella Jackson, Rt 2, Box 85, Mountain Home

HISTORIAN

Irene Wick, 147 Mashie Drive, Mountain Home

Correspondence concerning membership dues, orders for the "History" and other business matters should be sent to the Treasurer.

Contibutions of material for the "History" should be sent to the Editor. These contributions are really needed.

The Society or the Editors do not assume any responsibility for statements made by the contributors.

BAXTER COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY 1990 MEETINGS TO DATE

January 2, 1990

Charlotte Cherry of the "Cherry Tree Book Store" gave a book report that covered the topic of where some of the "post civil war confederates" settled. She also spoke of the days when as an 11 year old child her father, Francis Cherry was Governor of Arkansas.

February 6, 1990

Dr. Bill Lindsay of the Norfork Trout Hatchery gave an interesting program complete with several artifacts that related to fishing in the past & present.

March 6, 1990

The "Young American Dancers" from the Day Service Center preformed various dance routines. Fran Barry did a special clog dance along with her husband for us.

April 3, 1990

Dawn Ratzel of the Baxter Bulletin gave a speech on Ozark Mountain Village 1890 and the various old buildings located there. Dorothy Messick sent a zerox copy of an old 1884 Land Grant that was signed by President Chester Arthur.

May 2, 1990

No meeting held due to election day. Many of our members were volunteers at the polls.

June 5, 1990

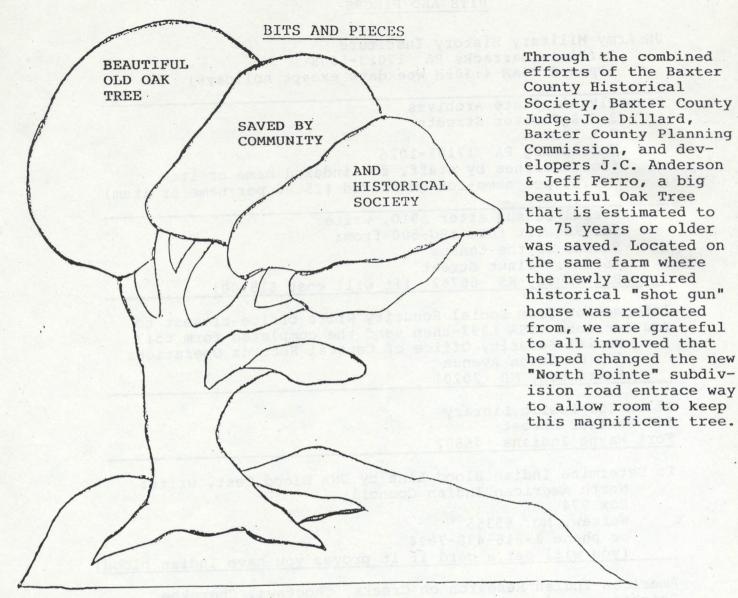
Paula Vines brought several antique quilts as well as modern quilts for us to see, and she gave an informative talk on the history and techniques of quilting.

July 3, 1990

Society attended a showing of the movie "Fabulous Dorsey Brothers" at old-time cinema.

August 7, 1990

Society members enjoyed a reception and open house hosted by Charles & Kathy Blackburn at the Mountain Home Baptist College Girl's Dorm at 4th and College St. Lots of college memorabilia was on display.



YOU ARE INVITED!

The annual Mountain Home Baptist College Alumni Reunion will be held October 12th and 13th. Many of our Historical Society members are alumni of the college. Activities begin with a reception tea hosted at 6 pm by Charles and Kathy Blackburn at the old Girls Dormitory of the college located at 4th and College Streets. Plenty of college memorabilia will be on display for all to enjoy. The Blackburn's extend an open invitation to anyone interested in coming, stating that non-alumni are welcome to attend as well. October 13th activities will be held at the Ramada Inn Convention Center. Registration begins 9 am followed by a business meeting. Lunchen is at 12:30 pm followed by a social visit. College memorabilia and old photographs will be on display at the Ramada Inn get together as well.

TREASURER'S REPORT

We are happy to report that we have a current balance of \$2,933.90.

5. BITS AND PIECES

US Army Military History Institute
Carlisle Barracks PA 17013-5008
(Open 8:00AM-4:30PM Weekdays except holidays)

Pennsylvania State Archives
3rd & Forster Streets
Box 1026
Harrisburg PA 17108-1026
(for searches by staff, for indexed name or item
\$5.00 per name-for unindexed \$25.00 per name or item)

For Federal Census after 1910, write:
for Request form #BC-600 from:
Bureau of the Census
1600 N. Walnut Street
Pittsburg, KS 66762 (it will cost \$15.00)

Information from Social Security write office closest to you for form #SSA L997-then send the completed form to:
Social Security Office of Central Records Operations 300 N. Green Avenue
Baltimore, MD 20201

Allen Co. Public Library 900 Webster Street Fort Wayne Indiana 46802

To Determine Indian Blood Line by DNA Blood Test, write:

North American Indian Council

Box 974

Warsaw, MO 65355

or phone 1-816-438-7894

(you will get a card if it proves you have Indian blood)

American Indian Research on Creeks, Choctaws, Cherokee, Chickasaws and Seminoles, write:

The Five Civilized Tribes
Agency Hill Drive
Muskogee, OK 74401
(A museum collection available for research with free consultations. \$1.00 fee adults \$.25 for students to enter museum - includes use of library

"Cook Books"

The Library of Congress actually "cooks" any books they suspect of containing silverfish, lice, or cockroaches. Using dangerous and costly chemicals to keep their collections from insects was impractical: so instead, they place a book in a microwave oven and "cook" it for 60 seconds on "warm" or "low" setting. The heat kills the insects and any eggs. If you pick up a suspect book at a flea market or from an old attic or basement, you may wish to use this method to be sure the book is free of insects before placing it on your bookshelf.

*Baxter County Historical Society member, Marge Garr, thought some of you might be interested in the above.

REMEMBERING EARLY SCHOOL TEACHING DAYS By Mae Woodcock Hamlet as told to Mary Lee Nelson

I was born March 20, 1895 at Rodney, Arkansas. My parents were Luther and Betty (Yearry) Woodcock. I was one of the twelve children born to them. My father was a strict believer in education. We children were taught to respect education and to get as much as we could. Getting an education in those days was not as easy as it is now. I went one year at luka, then through the eight grade at Halls Chapel. Then went to high school at Viola, took some classes at Mountain Home and then took correspondence courses. I was nineteen years old when I first taught school. That was at Tracy in Baxter County.

I remember well teaching at Norfork. I taught the younger group. It was called the "little room". Mr. Lawrence taught the "big room" It was in the first, I think, school building at Norfork. The first year I taught there was in 1919-20, and I was paid \$50.00 a month. My daughter, Sybil, was not very old then. Willie Baker took care of her while I taught. We lived in one end of the Wolfe house. The Lawrences lived in the other end. Floyd Staggs and Johnny Berry roomed upstairs over the Lawrences and ate with them.

One time there was a real big snow. It was so deep that some of the parents didn't want their children to have to walk home for lunch. They asked if I thought I could fix something at the building for the children to eat. I agreed and brought some potatoes, onions and canned tomatoes. Bernice Warren and Pearl Hogan brought a big stewer, a soup bone, spoons, bowls and crackers. I think they brought some other vegetables too. The Hager girls and Ella Tucker helped me get things ready. The school room had two stoves in it. We cooked the soup on one of them and heated a pan of water to wash the bowls and spoons on the other one. The bigger boys carried in wood and kept the fire going. In those days, every school room had a bucket of water and a dipper for drinking, and a wash pan for handwashing. I always thought I could have told Mr. Tarpley that I had the first hot lunches at Norfork!

When Mr. Tarpley was superintendent at Norfork, he started a school and public library. He asked me if I would like to take care of it. I had always loved books, so I did enjoy helping out there. We got a few new books and mended those we had. This was when the Norfork dam was being built and people appreciated those books.

Later on, I was asked to work in the school lunch room. I worked there until I retired in 1957. During World War II, Norfork school had a vegetable garden. Some of the other ladies who worked in the lunch room and I canned many of the vegetables. Some men who worked for the school planted and tended the garden. Those vegetables really helped to keep the cost of the lunches low.

(Mae Hamlet is now 94 years old. She lives in Mountain Home. Her sight is not good, but her mind is very clear.) MLN

This photo is dated February 7, 1922. It is the old Norfork School building that Mae Hamlet attended, that no longer stands.

Front row: Child #6 is Johnnie Brown, #10 Geneva Barton,

#12 Lina Small, #13 Lucille Barton, #17 ? Matthews, #21 Virgil Fountain.

Back row: Mae Woodcock, teacher, Elizabeth Woodcock, Un-

identified, Garvor Pryor, Hervey Raymond, Chris Simpson, Susie Bowman, Opal Brown, Ruby Wolf, Myrtle Torrence, Mr. Lawrence, teacher, Ruth

Arnold, Ethel Cunningham.

Others in Zada Spencer, Nova Hicks, Delphia Davenport, the photo: Lois Rogers, Coy Sheid, Pearl Miser, Gladys

Brown, Octavia Raymond, Telma Arnold, Rudolph Conley, Pauline Rogers, Virgie Gillihan, Zion Small, ? Arnold, Lela Watley, Floyd Staggs, Ray Staggs, Ray Clark, Ezzie Hager, Hubert Watley, Ellie Tucker, Ellen Simpson, Chessie

Hager. Several of the children are not identified.



A BRIEF DISCUSSION ON THE TRAIL OF TEARS By: Dorothy Messick

We need to go back in history a bit and review the beginnings of our State. Also we need to mention that during Thomas Jefferson's administration — an important event took place — actually the most important event during his term of office i.e. the Louisiana Purchase negotiated between 1803—04. At a cost of \$15 million dollars we received from France eight hundred twenty—seven thousand nine hundred eighty—seven (827,987) acres. All of and part of 15 states were formed and Arkansas was one of them. By 1819 Arkansas was an organized territory, before it became a state in 1836.

Now in our day and time it is almost impossible for us to conceive of what a large population of Indians there were living east of the Mississippi River.

They were industrious and prosperous. They intermarried with the whites. They were quick learners. They farmed their property, raised cattle, built two story houses and sent their children to Mission Schools.

As more and more whites resented the prosperity of the Indian people as a whole, sentiment turned against them.

Under President James Monroe the Indian Removal turned gradually from a scheme to a policy. Monroe considered it too absurd to herd the Indians into a corner of the West.

A statement by an Indian Chief was, "Father, you must not think by removing we should return to the savage life, you have learned us to be herdsmen and cultivators, and to spin and weave. Our women will raise the cotton and the Indigo and spin and weave cloth to clothe our children."

Andrew Jackson made the Indian Removal a campaign issue. In 1829, when "the Devil became President of the United States" as the Choctaws of Mississippi phrased it, the Indian Removal Bill went from the realm of possibility into a near certainty. (Passed in 1830)

Negotiations for the Cherokee removal started around 1819 and the discovery of gold in North Georgia in 1828 struck the final blow.

Most of the Indians were removed peacefully but there were exceptions, of course. Little can we realize the anguish, the humiliation - the starvation, the Cholera, the Small Pox that accompanied these Indians on their trek West.

The "Trail of Tears" actually began at the home of Major Ridge at Rome, Georgia. There were many meetings which involved the Five Civilized Tribes - namely: Cherokee, Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek and Seminoles.

In 1770 an Indian baby was born in Polk County Tennessee and christened "Gahna-tah-tle-gi" which means "walking the mountain tops" which literally became true.
When he was a child the family moved to North Georgia where the whites translated
his tongue-tangling name as Ridge. He was a leader of his people, served as a
speaker of the Council of the Chrokee Nation, a distinguished soldier in the War
of 1812. General Andrew Jackson appointed him to the rank of major. He was called Major Ridge from then on.

In 1792 Ridge married Susanne Wicket, the Cherokee "Princess Sehoya." Two years later he built the two story house beside the Oostanaula River. (The hand hewn logs can be seen to this day in the basement.)

It was, in fact, at the Ridge home in Rome that the final treaty for the Cherokee Removal was negotiated.

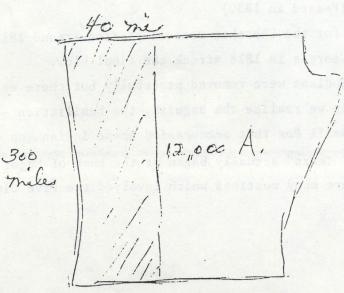
To mention one of the exceptions to the removal was Black Hawk, Chief of the Sauk or Sac Indians in Illinois. The struggle was called the Black Hawk War. It is said that both Jefferson Davis and Abraham Lincoln took part in this war.

Black Hawk died on a reservation near Des Moines, Iowa. A 50 foot statue of Black Hawk now stands beside the Rock River near Oregon, Illinois.

Another who took exception to the removal was a fiery, young warrior, the Seminole Indian leader, Oceola. During the time the area of Florida was under Spanish rule, the Indians and the runaway slaves had lived peacefully together. The word Seminole meaning "wanderer and runaways." The Seminole Indians united with the negroe "maroons" or exiles and fought the First Seminole War - 1817-18.

This war was fought in rebellion of removal to the Western Reservation in Arkansas.

This reservation consisted of 12,000 square miles - 40 miles wide and 300 miles long.



Now to pause and get a bit personal. My husband's grate grand Uncle, Elihu Messick, brother to the John W. Messick, a Baxter County pioneer, who settled West of town and the reason so many named Messick live in this county.

Elihu was enrolled on June 25, 1836, mustered in on July 8, 1836, mustered out on July 1837. In the papers it mentions both the Cherokee War and the Florida War (Seminole).

Oceola was tricked into discussing peace under a flag of truce and was betrayed by General Thomas Jesup. He was seized and imprisoned. He died January 30, 1838 at Fort Moultrie, far from his Florida homeland. The services were attended by his two wives and two children and by more than 200 other Indians. A military escort fired a salute over the grave. He is probably the only Indian partisan of the Seminole War whose remains lie in a known and identifiable grave.

Ben Dearmore stated that the Indians who were led through Baxter County were chained together two by two and the soldiers went ahead of them making a road. Also that some Cherokees settled West of town. This was corroborated by Stella Coffee.

Footnotes: The plaque in the Baxter County Court House bears the following:

During the 1830's the Cherokee Indians were moved by the government from their homes in Tennessee and Arkansas, into Oklahoma. They traveled over trails, later called Military Roads, built just ahead of them by soldiers. One road, known as "The Trail of Tears" because of the Indians' sorrow over leaving their homes, crossed Norfork River near the present dam. The trail then crossed Highway 5 about 5 miles Southeast of Mountain Home, and followed the old Military Road, still in use south of town. Then turned Northwest crossing Highway 62 four miles Southwest of town. It followed that direction to Mooney's Ferry over the White River, continuing on through Summit and toward Oklahoma.

In the August 16, 1964 issue of the Grit News Section it states that the United States was to pay millions (\$32,000,000) for land now part of the state of Florida. The Rev. Billy Osceola, of Miami, the Baptist minister who is chairman of the Seminole Tribal Council stated "It may be quite a while before we get our money, because of the red tape still involved."

HANCHET-ARMSTRONG LETTERS

By

James L. Lowe

Introduction

In going through the records and artifacats at the Casey House to record them Elizabeth Smith and Sherry Warford found some correspondence dating back to the 1850's, 1860's, and 1870's. A newspaper, Western Times from Viroqua and Desoto, Badax Co., Wisconsin, dated Oct. 7, 1857, along with a few other records were included.

There are seven envelopes separated from the letters. Six of these are addressed to Simeon Hanchett--four at Viroqua, Wisconsin, one at Beloyt, Wisconsin, and one at Durand, Illinois. There is no return address or name.

One envelope is from Bridgeton, N. J., and addressed to James H. Hanchett, 36 S. Canal St., Chicago, Illinois.

Armstrong Letters

Six letters are from James T. Armstrong with the salutation only "Simeon," and dated in 1856, 1859, 1860, and 1861. These letters apparently go with the envelopes addressed to Simeon Hanchett in Wisconsin and Illinois.

In order to make reading of the letters more understandable, I shall try to point out some of the possible relationships of the persons involved. It is difficult to do this since we have no Knowledge concerning them except what is contained in the letters.

We ask that if any persons have information about the letters please communicate with us.

The earliest letter, dated April 17, 1856, from Armstrong to Simeon stated that he was happy that James arrived Home. This could indicate that James is the son of Simeon since later letters show that Simeon has a son named James. However, Armstrong mentions that he went to B (inghamton) and that James folks were all well. Apparently, there were two Jameses.

Although the relationship between Armstrong and Simeon Hanchett is not definitely stated, Armstrong appears to be the father-in-law of Simeon. In later letters in 1859 and 1860 James is again living with Armstrong, who always mentions something about James. One reference appears to indicate that he is the grandfather of James. "James thinks that he Knows more than his grandfather." He referred to Simeon taking on another partner, a wife. "Thanks to you for your kind patient care of Mariah through her long sickness." "James is glad that he has a mother again." Mariah was perhaps Armstrong's daughter.

Albert, who is mentioned frequently, appears to be a son of Armstrong.

James H. Hanchett

There is one item signed by James H. Hanchett as Secretary, S. C. This is a printed announcement that the regular meeting of the Social Circle will be held at the residence of Deacon Hanchett, 295 Walnut Street, Chicago, 1871.

Simeon Hanchett Letters

There are three letters signed "S. Hanchett" to his son, James. Presumably these were written by Simeon Hanchett. The first letter written from Chicago on Oct. 20, 1867, complained that his son had not written to him and that he was going to visit James. Simeon asked if James had written "Uncle Albert?" This letter shows Simeon's religious interest. Perhaps, the announcement listed above indicates that Simeon was a deacon.

The second letter was written from Bridgeton, N. J., on Dec. 19,1872. Simeon stated that the got seven subscriptions today and discussed other business. A shipment of wine was mentioned.

The third letter was written from Vineland on January 8, 1873. He mentioned mother being ill and Grandma Powers died Thursday. He stated he began the canvass for the Livingston book published by Hubbard Bro. of Philadelphia.

Occupations

The letters reveal a little about occupations of the persons mentioned. Armstrong in his earliest letter stated that he was running a "tole" bridge. Later he told about selling books amd being away from home.

Simeon Hanchett states that he is selling books or taking subscritions. Perhaps, he was following this work earlier since Armstrong advised him apparently in answer to a question that selling was not good in his area because of poor economic conditions.

Albert worked in a machine shop to earn money to continue in school. Later he began to teach school Hallock was doing well in preaching. He increased members in his church from eight to between fifty and sixty. He received donations of ninety-nine dollars with thirty dollars in cash. It was the custom at that time for people to give the minister not only cash but also vegetables, eggs, chickens, etc.

Other Records

Included in the papers is a letter to S. Hunchett, Chicago, Illinois, dated April 20, 1869, from Dow Fowler Manufacturers of the Yankee Mower, Fowlerville, N. Y. There was a misunderstanding about a statement of the account.

Simeon Hanchett was probably in Wisconsin at the time the Western Times was printed on Oct. 7, 1857, but I could not find any reference to Hanchett in the paper. Written on the margin of the newspaper was the name, Hanchett, with initials which I could not decipher.

A letter from Plano, Illinois, dated June 30, 1878, appears to be unrelated to the other letters except there is the statement "Jim you must excuse this letter." It could have been written to James H. Hanchett. It shows that baseball was being played, and there were players from Little Rock.

An old photograph of a man is with the records, but there is no notation to identify the person. If some one recognizes this man, please let us Know.

Summary

The letters were not written by nationally Known persons. The great issues facing the United States were not discussed. The letters did reveal some of the everyday activities and concerns of people at that time. The men wrote about family members; they discussed health and the things relatives were doing. History in a democracy is about the lives of people not just about great men.

Singhamton Speel 14/50

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Chicago, June 18th, 1871.

The regular business meeting of the Social Circle will be held at the Resid. of

on Tuesday next, at 7:45 P. M.

Business of special interest will come before the Circle. A full attendance of members and friends is very respectfully urged.

JAMES H. HANCHETT, Secretary S. C.

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Alberts school is out the so of this month he enfects to come home then what he will do then I dent know he wold like to teach devel net summer if he cold get one to Sute him I do not know as he cold get in the Shop hear to work if he wented to, Shallock's I fine folks was all well when we heard least from then I cannot give you much ineveragement and to any bifines you cold get in in this place all kinds of bifings is very dull on carount of the crops being cut of la The frost and there is not much Interprise in any Thing at present, as to the book higs niss it is overelen There is Lotteres and oxioms to sell leach's in every Vilage in This ecentry if I did not have a clase of borhe that is not sold by oxion I cold not soll many my being agreemented all three my field is a greate help to my elelling we expect to stay in the house we now live in another year we pay \$520 per year rent that is hate to move we have a good and convenent house you must take good eare of your helth had you not better trye to get in Some Safe bisness that wold not inger your helth if you diel not much us much, wright to us often let is know where to direct we have had quite a mild winter we have much more snow on the ground now than we have had all winter but won't last long as it coming quit woring come and see us as quilk as you can we ashald he very happy to see you, I shold like to come out in your contry to suit but my means wort admit so I must be content, I shold like to hisit Binghamton but I do not know as I ever shall

J & Armstrong

20.

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Dear James Some wanted a

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two weeks. Of so that is too much by for.

Me want it a standing adult for &

for inecting that adult in the Standard

that Mr. Goodman Charge Seven dollars

address on thim. Do you wear to say

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Please & them soon as you can I ham him bust terms to run it 3 months 6 months or one year - That is place it first mar the head of sum adots. T but it take its cover as others commin.

Would like to have it in that Paper but connot stand \$3,50 for week or for

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at, hay the int. + Close the tride, or

had we letter give it who Grifty dollars is all I can think of sending home before spring, if I have bloss up the origine in my nich. I I feel that I ought to make the hid thank the hid thank delivery books in Millwille about the 20 of form.

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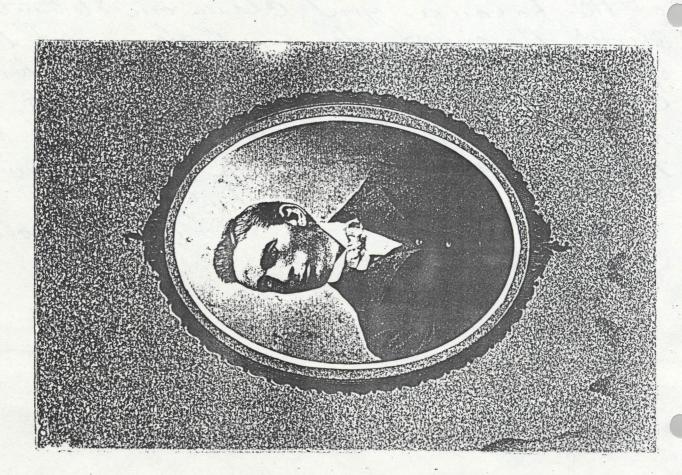
y this morniamy thanks he is still gaining Frank feet than hywer's yeard to be him faint sevious Cannot, event.
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me 1 find 1 his Friend 13 which it letter at once gracing in it your number. I want they have found Merin Scor Did land to stay down that be much his got you little till ofter oken bless.
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lane mot time mous only to con Has very glad to learn thatyou se well of that afour of that young lady Hope you but he enjoyed as happy of electronical your the item before this. had so good a time at the Gestrum. Please with som o let me Human in ayed your Christmas climen & had, byen read, on from the Wine toom than, but they could what the freeze the wirs, hower it is Little 76. Som effect thather

The Yamile of Month of the Annual Machine Machine MOM & FOWERS Agricultural Implements. Towlerville, N. Y., Chr 24 1869 Mr S. Hanchet. Chicago My.3 He are in weight of your from of the 19th wist and Hoto Contents, There and Reme things in the afor your Soul und we do not Anders trul, Well you pleased ne tune, the tour Statement you how of our afer we have no Capey of the Statement and cannot arrive at the balance your clam our statement show. He are very designer of oliving out the Close it sup, so fore as we are able to, Please do not neglect this molter, but they the matter brewing until it is cleanul out. Hours Buly Dow Cold owler

CAN YOU IDENTIFY THIS GENTLEMAN?



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and now Sam all a for the rest

Sale of the Year!

The Baxter County Historical Society has some collector edition Baxter County Centennial dinner plates that we are willing to sacrifice at the unheard of low price of only \$1.00 per plate!

Entertain your company with an attractive and historical dinner table setting. These 10 inch round dinner plates have painted gold edging and in the recessed center the Centennial logo shown below is printed in an emerald green and yellow design. At this low price you can't go wrong!! Contact Dr. James Lowe for your Centennial plates at 425-9774.



DEMOCRATS & REPUBLICANS SUPPORT BAXTER COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY

During the September 12th through 15th Baxter County Fair both the Democrats and the Republicans have agreed to display our Centennial dinner plates at their political boths. Each both will offer the plates for sale at \$1.00 each and try to help us sell as many of the plates as we can. We appreciate each party doing this at no charge to the society, and we thank all the volunteers from each both who will be doing the work for us! Please be sure to stop by their booths and express your thanks!

BAXTER COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY MEMBERS 1990

FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	STREET	CITY	ST	ZIP
Ruth	ACTON	320 South College	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mrs Mary	AGNEW	312 Greenbriar	Bedford	TX	76201
Barbara	BAILEY	P O Box 1053	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Charles & Kathy	BLACKBURN	321 South College	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Joseph & Irma	BLOOM	R 6 Box 352	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Agnes Wattowa	BOMAN	500 N Church Apt 9D	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Hazeń	BONO	R.R.	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Dr Thomas A	BRUCE	621 Jennings Lane	Battle Creek	MI	49015
Garvin	CARROLL	905 East 4th Street	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Patricia	COLLIER	326 N. Washington	Fayetteville	AR	72701
Mrs Alberta	CRONK	1211 Sunshine	Mtn Home	AR	72653
J. W. & Margie	DANIEL	1222 Heatherdown	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Lee & Opal	DAVIS	SW U.S. 62	Mtn Home	AR	72653
David	DEROLF	1920 Fuller Street	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mrs Fanny M	ELLIS	7208 East 84th St	Kansas City	MO	64138
Tom	EMBACH	351 East 4th Steet	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Robert	FRATESI	R 2, Box 54 J	Mtn Home	AR	72653
A Easterly	GALLOWAY	4105 Bonanza Way	Loomis	CA	95650
Gene & Marge	GARR	1505 Mistletoe	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Paul & Dorothy Herbert & Vaniece	HARRIS	894 Circle Drive	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Naomi	HINESLEY	P O Box 3	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mrs Stella	HOLLAN JACKSON	Box 154	Oakhurst	OK	74050
Mr Earle W	JOHNSON	R 2, Box 85	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Guy & Alyce	KING	1700 Eagle Drive Hwy 201 South	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Howard & Olive	KNIGHT	R 9, Box 482	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Allen County	LIBRARY	P O Box 2270	Mtn Home Fort Wayne	AR IN	72653 46801
James & Imogene	LOWE	1500 Manor	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Alyce	MARBURY	1500-18 Post Oak Rd	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Jim F.	McCLURE	P O Box 213	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Dorothy	MESSICK	206 Nelson	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Neil & Una Mae	NELSON	904 Capitol Dr	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mary L.	NELSON	R 1, Box 333 A	Kingsville	MO	64061
Dorothy	NICHOLS	R 8, Box 55	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Evelynne	OLESEN	1112 S. Church	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Rex & Neva	PAUL	Box 177	Cotter	AR	72626
Ray & Ellen	RAMEY	221 East 1st St.	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mr Ernest	RAYMOND	136 S Washington	Millersburg	ОН	44654
Frances	RUTHVEN	875 Circle Drive	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mrs W. E.	SHARP	R 4, Box 545	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Hazel	SKIDMORE	H C 62, Box 240	Norfork	AR	72658
Elizabeth	SMITH	1210 Heatherdown Tr	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mr Rex R.	SMITH	3050 NW 70th	Seattle	WA	98117
Verna	SMITH	937 Baer St	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Vivian	STORCH	Box 72	Norfork	AR	72558
Ronald	SWITZER	22310 Morley Ave	Dearborn	MI	48124
Helen H	TANGER	367 E. 5th St	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Ethel	THRASHER	P O Box 253	Lolita	TX	.77971
Ken & Nancy Lee	TRAMMELL	1323 S US 62	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mrs Mildred	TULLGREN	1603 Monroe Avenue	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Mr Robert	UNDERHILL	500 N Church Apt E3	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Robert & Sherrill	WARFORD	327 Tipton	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Ray & Irene	WICK	147 Mashie Drive	Mtn Home	AR	72653
Fern	WILLIS	26261 McCall Blvd	Sun City	CA	92381
Sue Lynn	WOLF	R 2, Box 469	Gassville	AR	72635